

MIXED RESILIENCE



Company profits at record high
105 billion £

BUT investments decreased by
- 1.5% in 2016

Impact of 15% depreciation in the exchange rate
Exports grew by **+ 1.6 pp** in a year

FIRST SIGNS OF BREXIT during the exit negotiations phase



WEAK INTERNAL DEMAND

Inflation up by **+2.7%**
3.3% of disposing income
> Due to the exchange rate shock
> Savings at historically low rate



RISING INPUT COSTS FOR COMPANIES

> Exchange rate shock

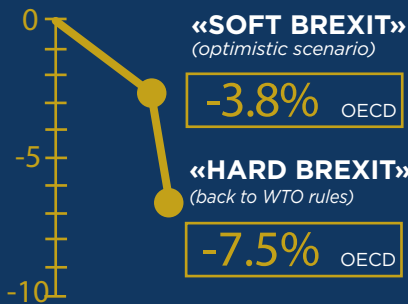


INVESTMENTS REACHING THEIR LOWEST LEVELS SINCE THE CRISIS

at **8.8%** of GDP in 2016
> Companies adopted a wait-and-see approach

FROM APRIL 2019

TRADE PROTECTIONIST SHOCK TO GDP



WEAKENED ATTRACTION

-22% Foreign Direct Investments (FDI)* down
(main destination of FDI in Europe)
> Fall in corporate investments
> Less buoyant R&D

COMPANY INSOLVENCIES

+8.7% in 2017** (f) **+8%** in 2018** (f)

IMPACT ON SECTORS



IMPACT OF REDUCED IMMIGRATION ON GROWTH

UK Border
«SOFT BREXIT»
-0.3 pp
«HARD BREXIT»
-0.6 pp
> Demographic shock
> Productivity shock



STILL SOME POSITIVE POINTS...



SOUND COMPANIES
The protectionist threat is nothing new



GOOD BUSINESS CLIMATE
UK ranked **7th out of 190***** with significant comparative advantages



FAVOURABLE PUBLIC POLICY
> Fiscal relief for companies
from **20%** in 2016 to **17%** in 2020

* Bruno, R., N. Campos, S. Estrin et M. Tian «Gravitating towards Europe: An Econometric Analysis of the FDI Effects of EU Membership», 2016.
** Coface's estimations calculated with the exclusion of the exceptional increase in the number of insolvencies in 4Q 2016 (1,796 companies) due to legal changes. When these figures are included, insolvencies should be down by -2.7% in 2017 and up by +8.8% in 2018.
*** «Doing business» classification.